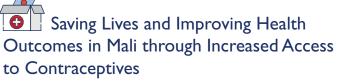




FAMILY PLANNING | REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH

IMPACT BRIEF:



Access to voluntary family planning and reproductive health (FP/RH) services is vital for safe motherhood and healthy families. Having a choice of modern contraceptives allows couples to plan and space births, ensuring families have the means to properly care for their children. USAID ensures an uninterrupted supply of quality FP/RH commodities worldwide through the USAID Global Health Supply Chain Program-Procurement and Supply Management (GHSC-PSM) project.¹

With a population of 22 million²—more than double what it was in 1990— the average woman in Mali gives birth to 6 children in her lifetime.³ In 2022, approximately 24.4 percent of married women in Mali had an unmet need for FP—meaning they wanted to avoid pregnancy but were not using a modern method of birth control.⁴

The maternal mortality ratio in Mali is 562 per 100,000 live births, compared to the average of 542 for sub-Saharan Africa. The child mortality rate among children under five is 91 deaths per 1,000 live births, compared to 74 for the sub-Saharan region.

To address Mali's maternal and child health needs, the Government of Mali is collaborating with USAID and other partners. This includes increasing investment in FP/RH to reach a projected modern contraceptive prevalence rate of 19.7 percent among married women aged 15 to 49 by 2022.⁷



ESTIMATED HEALTH IMPACTS FROM USAID PROCUREMENT INVESTMENTS



unintended pregnancies
PREVENTED

700K
abortions
AVERTED



6K maternal deaths AVERTED



44K child deaths



\$92M

in direct healthcare spending **SAVED**

¹ Unless otherwise noted, all figures reported in this brief are over the life of the GHSC-PSM project and do not reflect USAID's contraceptive investment prior to FY 2017. The figures reflect delivered commodities, not shipped commodities, and may not be comparable to figures reported in previous materials.

²World Bank. Population, total. Mali (2021). https://data.worldbank.org/indicator/SPPOPTOTL?locations=ML. Accessed December 26, 2022.

³ World Bank, Fertility rate, total (births per woman). Mali (2020). https://data.worldbank.org/indicator/SP.DYN.TFRT.IN?locations=ML. Accessed December 26, 2022.

⁴ Family Planning 2030 Indicator Summary Sheet: Mali 2022 Measurement Report. https://www.track20.org/pages/participating_countries/countries_country_page.php?code=ML Accessed

December 26, 2022.

⁵World Health Organization (2019).Trends in maternal mortality 2000 to 2017: estimates by WHO, UNICEF, UNFPA, World Bank Group and the United Nations Population Division: executive summary. https://apps.who.int/iris/handle/10665/327596. Accessed December 23, 2022.

⁶ United Nations Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality Estimation (UN IGME), 'Levels & Trends in Child Mortality: Report 2021. https://www.who.int/publications/m/item/levels-and-trends-in-child-mortality-report-2021. Accessed December 23, 2022.

⁷ Family Planning 2030. Country Fact Sheet- 2022 (Mali). https://www.track20.org/pages/partici-pating-countries/countries-country-page.php?code=ML. Accessed December 23, 2022.



(§), USAID Contraceptive Investment

In partnership with the Government of Mali and other in-country stakeholders, USAID supported the procurement and distribution of over 41 million FP/RH products to more than 1,430 USAIDsupported facilities and organizations in Mali from FY 2017-2022. The contraceptives, when combined with proper counseling and correct use, are estimated to provide approximately 4 million couple years protection⁸ and help prevent:

- 1.7 million unintended pregnancies - 6,00 maternal deaths
- 700,000 abortions - 44,000 child deaths9

These investments in contraceptives have the potential of saving approximately **\$92 million** in direct spending on healthcare ¹⁰ resources that can be reinvested in Mali's health system. Through its investments in contraceptives and supply chains, USAID, in collaboration with other global and in-country partners, is helping Mali meet its people's FP/RH needs.

Countries that partner with USAID to invest in FP/RH can achieve greater self-reliance by improving their overall health systems and empowering families to plan for their futures.



Methodology

To measure the impact of FP/RH programs, the indicators presented in this brief were calculated using the Impact 2 model¹¹, a sociodemographic mathematical model, using procurement data from the GHSC-PSM project database¹².

The FP/RH impact indicators, as reported in this brief, estimate the demographic, health, and economic impact of USAID's support of contraceptives to Mali's health programs.

For more information, please contact **PSMMonitoringandEval**@ ghsc-psm.org.

- ⁸ CYP is the estimated protection provide by contraceptive methods during a one-year period, based upon the volume of all contraceptives sold or distributed free of charge to clients during that period. https://www.usaid.gov/global-health/health-areas/family-planning/couple-years-protection-cyp
- ⁹ This indicator only estimates reduction in deaths as a result of improved birth spacing. The data linking the contraceptive prevalence rate, birth spacing and child mortality is currently limited. ¹⁰The figures are not adjusted for inflation and based on the costs of services from 2011
- ${\tt https://www.mariestopes.org/what-we-do/our-approach/our-technical-expertise/impact-21.} Accessed$ November 30, 2022. The number of preventable deaths, abortions and unintended pregnancies averted is calculated by entering into the model the number of FP/RH commodities delivered by GHSC-PSM across a selected time period.
- ¹² GHSC-PSM's Automated Requisition Tracking Management Information System (ARTMIS) is used to enter, manage, process and track orders throughout the supply chain.
- ¹³ Units of measurement for contraceptives: combined oral (cycle); implantable (implant); standard days (piece); injectable (device); condoms (piece); progestin only pills (cycle); copper-bearing intrauterine (device); emergency oral (package)





Photo credit: GHSC-PSM

"I came to request family planning services. This service is very useful for me because, as a student, it allows me to pursue my studies and continue with my couple life. I came back satisfied because I was able to receive my preferred contraceptive method."

-Hadjiratou Kane

| CONTRACEPTIVE METHODS ¹³ | TOTAL PRODUCTS DELIVERED FY 2017- 2022* |
|--|---|
| Combined oral contraceptives | 7M |
| Progestin only pills | 113K |
| Copper bearing intrauterine devices | 68K |
| Implantable contraceptives | 548K |
| Injectable contraceptives | 3.9M |
| Standard days methods | 12K |
| Male condoms | 30M |
| Female condoms | 6K |
| TOTAL NUMBER OF CONTRACEPTIVES DELIVERED | 41.5M |
| TOTAL VALUE OF COMMODITIES | \$11M* |

^{*}This figure represents solely the calculation of the value of commodities and does not include shipment or other associated cost

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